

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS  
CORPUS CHRISTI DIVISION

United States District Court  
Southern District of Texas  
FILED

JUL - 6 2000

Michael N. Milby, Clerk

EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY  
COMMISSION,

Plaintiff,

v.

NATIONWIDE HOUSING SYSTEMS, INC.

Defendant

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Civil Action No. CA-00-125

**PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE TO DEFENDANT'S  
MOTION FOR SANCTIONS**

COMES NOW Plaintiff, Equal Employment Opportunity Commission(hereinafter "EEOC") and files this Motion for Reinstatement. In support of its Motion, Plaintiff EEOC would show the Court as follows:

**I. BACKGROUND**

1. On March 27, 2000, the EEOC filed its Original Complaint alleging that Defendant Nationwide Housing Systems, Inc.(hereinafter "Nationwide") had engaged in unlawful discriminatory practices under the Age Discrimination in Employment Act. On March 27, 2000, the Court issued its Order for Conference and Disclosure of Interested Parties and Scheduling Order which ordered the parties to appear before the Court on May 24, 2000, at 1:15 p.m. for an initial pretrial and scheduling conference. The Order also required both parties to meet and submit a joint discovery/case management plan 10 days prior to the initial pretrial and scheduling conference. In this case, the joint discovery/case management plan would have been due on May 14, 2000.

2. On April 3, 2000, the EEOC sent a Notice of Lawsuit and Request for Waiver of

Service of Summons and Waiver of Service of Summons to Defendant's registered agent for service of process. The Waiver of Service Summons was duly returned to the EEOC on May 2, 2000, signed by Anita Alessandra, Attorney for Defendant. The Waiver of Service Summons allowed Defendant an additional 30 days to file its Answer with the Court. Defendant Nationwide's Answer is due to the Court on June 1, 2000. On May 8, 2000, Plaintiff EEOC filed its Certificate of Plaintiff Regarding Financial Interest.

3. On May 24, 2000, the Court issued its Order and Final Judgment dismissing the above-numbered and styled cause of action for want of prosecution because of the failure of either party to appear for the initial pre-trial and scheduling conference. On June 1, 2000, the EEOC filed its Motion for Reinstatement requesting the Court set aside its Judgment. Defendant Nationwide filed its Response to the Motion on June 20, 2000. The Court conducted a hearing on the Motion on June 20 and June 22, 2000. On June 22, 2000, the Court granted the Motion and reinstated the above-numbered and styled cause of action. Furthermore, the Court rescheduled the initial pre-trial and scheduling conference for 1:15 p.m., July 6, 2000, and informed both parties that the issue of awarding attorney's fees pursuant to Rule 16 would be addressed.

4. Defendant filed its Motion for Sanctions on July 6, 2000, pursuant to Rule 16 and has requested attorney's fees in the amount of \$4,762.50. The EEOC's position is that it should not have to pay attorney's fees or costs based on the circumstances before the Court.

## **II. ARGUMENT AND AUTHORITIES**

5. Rule 16(f) authorizes the imposition of sanctions where a party "fails to obey a scheduling order or pretrial order, or if no appearance is made on behalf of a party at a scheduling or pretrial conference..." The Rule further states that, "In lieu of or in addition to any other sanction,

the judge shall require the party...to pay reasonable expenses incurred because of any noncompliance with this rule, including attorney's fees, *unless the judge finds that the noncompliance was substantially justified or that other circumstances make an award of expenses unjust.*" [italics added] Fed. R. Civ. R. 16(f).

6. Defendant cites *Gayden v. Galveston County Texas*, 178 F.R.D. 134 (S.D. Tex. 1998), as an example of a court awarding attorney's fees and costs under Rule 16(f). In *Gayden*, the conduct of plaintiff's counsel was so egregious as to warrant the court's issuance of a conditional grant of Plaintiff's Motion to Alter or Amend the Substance of the Judgment pending the payment by plaintiff's counsel of a fine and Defendant's expenses and attorney's fees. *Id.* at 135. Furthermore, the court informed plaintiff's counsel that failure to abide by these sanctions would be treated as an act of criminal contempt and could result in incarceration. *Id.* at 139. The court in *Gayden* described plaintiff's counsel's conduct as showing a "clear record of delay, contumacious conduct, incompetence, bad faith," and that her attempt to blame the Magistrate Judge for her failure to appear as "cowardly and inexcusable," and showed a "complete disrespect for both the Magistrate Judge and this Court." *Id.* at 137-38. However, rather than punish the plaintiff for the conduct of his counsel, the court looked at the totality of the circumstances and decided the better course of action was to fine plaintiff's counsel \$5,000, and require payment of Defendant's reasonable costs and attorney's fees in the amount of \$2,500. *Id.* at 138-39. The court further justified its actions by stating that such a sanction was warranted because of plaintiff's counsel's adamant refusal to take responsibility for her actions and her other conduct in the case. *Id.* at 139.

7. The conduct of Plaintiff's counsel in the case before this Court does not rise to the level of the conduct of plaintiff's counsel as described in *Gayden*. As stated in Plaintiff's Motion for Reinstatement, there was an administrative error on the part of the EEOC which resulted in

Plaintiff's counsel's non-appearance at the May 24, 2000, initial pre-trial and scheduling conference. In its Order entered on June 26, 2000, the Court found that Plaintiff's counsel's conduct did not show a sufficient degree of dilatoriness or contumaciousness to warrant a dismissal with prejudice and that it was a manifest error of law to dismiss the action with prejudice for want of prosecution.

8. Defendant requests attorney's fees for its work in response to Plaintiff's Motion for Reinstatement which was filed in response to the Court's Order dismissing the lawsuit for want of prosecution which was a result of Plaintiff's counsel's non-appearance at the initial pre-trial and scheduling conference which should have been rescheduled but for Plaintiff's administrative error. In this case, there were errors compounded by other errors. There was no intent on the part of Plaintiff not to comply with the Court's Order of Conference, nor was there any intent to delay or otherwise cause problems with the Court's docket. The conduct of Plaintiff's counsel in this situation clearly does not warrant lesser sanctions in the form of reasonable expenses and attorney's fees awarded to Defendant.

### **III. CONCLUSION**

9. An award of attorney's fees and other costs against Plaintiff based on the facts in this case would be unjust. The facts in this case do not reflect the "totality of circumstances" and egregiousness of conduct by Plaintiff's counsel as expressed by the *Gayden* court which warrants the granting of attorneys' fees and other costs to Defendant.

WHEREFORE PREMISES CONSIDERED, Plaintiff EEOC respectfully requests that this Court deny Defendant's Motion for Sanctions.


Respectfully submitted,

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ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF

**CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I certify that a true and correct copy of the foregoing pleading sent via telephonic facsimile, on the 5th of July, 2000, to Defendant's counsel, Anita M. Alessandra, Ashcraft Law Firm, P.C., 8750 N. Central Expressway, Suite 1070, Dallas, Texas 75231, telephonic facsimile (214) 987-3847.

  
R. CHRIS PITTARD

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**ORDER**

ON THIS DAY, came on to be heard Defendant's Motion for Sanctions, and the Court having heard said Motion, is of the opinion and finds that said Motion should be DENIED.

It is therefore ORDERED, ADJUDGED and DECREED by the Court that Defendant's Motion for Sanctions is DENIED.

SIGNED and ENTERED this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 2000.

\_\_\_\_\_  
JANIS GRAHAM JACK  
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE